PITTSBURG, SUNDAY, JULY 28,

LIKE COMMON CLAY.

The Earl of Fife and Queen Victoria's Eldest Granddaughter United

TILL DEATH PARTS THEM.

An Impressive Ceremony and a Day of Pompous Show.

GLADSTONE'S GOLDEN WEDDING DAY

Elegant Costumes of the Ladies in Attendance at the Royal Marriage-A Large Number of Valuable Presents for the Bride-The Earl Considered a Fine Fellow and His Bride a Sensible Woman-Details of the Day-Lord Fife Wears No Highland Costume-He is Given a Couple of New Titles During the Evening by His August Grandmu-to-Law-Many Tokens of Affection and Esteem Presented to Gindstone and His Wife-John Jarrett Excited Over a Riemingham Interview.

According to programme the marriage of the Earl of Fife to Princess Louise took place in London yesterday. The event was atl that was anticipated. There were 400 presents, valued at \$1,000,000. Gladstone's the royalties lunched together in the state golden wedding was quite as grand and a dining room in Buckingham Palace, eating more enjoyable affair.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, July 27.-[Copyright.]-The best to make his wife happy. Earl of Fife was duly married to-day to the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of the



the bridegroom's head, bringing the bald spot thereon into startling

The dowdiest looking person in the chapel was Queen Victoria. She wore a black silk brocaded dress, sprinkled with large white

flowers, a costume which DID NOT SUIT HER DUMPY PIGURE. On her head was a diamond crown, and her breast was covered with diamond orna-

The chapel is only about 74 feet by 60, and it was crowded enough to make the by the fact that mos people uncomfortable and cross. The wed- made, by her desire, by poor Irish women, ding was fixed for noon, but the invited for whom work is found by the Donegal Inguests had to be in their places at 11:30. dustrial Society. Every garment is made The interval was profitably spent in criticising dresses and looking through the ex-

quisite vellum-bound copy of the marriage service, with which each guest was supplied. The people were gratified to find that the Princess and Earl were through-out spoken of as "this man and this" woman," just as

though they were of The Earl of Fife. common clay. It had been expected, apparently, that an expurgated and more courtly edition would be provided. THE MOST UNHAPPY LOT. The only persons not supplied with copies

were the reporters, of whom room had been graciously found for a dozen. They were supposed to know all about the marriage service and such like. They were far and away the most unhappy lot in the chapel. They had been compelled to wear evening dress, a la Français, lest they should be mistaken for gentlemen, who, of course, all wore the usual morning dress, and they were stowed away right at the back, in the worst position for seeing and hearing. Owls in sunshine would be calm, dignified beings compared with these unfortunate reporters in evening dress at noon, but they bore themselves with the meekness characteristic of English reporters upon official occa-

THE BEST DRESSED WOMEN

in the chapel were the Duchess of Manchester, who wore a pale lemon-colored robe and superb diamond tiars; the dowager Marchioness of Ailesbury, in purple velvet slashed with pink, and sprinkled all over with diamonds; Lady Randolph Churchill, in yellow silk, and the Countess Spencer, in white satin, trimmed with gold fringe. Three-fourths of the men wore a uniform of some kind, and the remainder the orthodox morning suit.

The Grand Old Man was there, of course. He wore a privy councilor's uniform, knelt down and prayed as soon as he reached his seat, and talked little.

The Queen's procession, which entered the chapel five minutes late, made

A BRAVE SHOW.

It was preceded and followed by exalted court officials, and included, besides Her Majesty, one king, he of Greece, 20 princesses and princes, and poor Marquis of Lorne, the Queen's subject son-in-law, who looked like the fly in the amber. The gold stock and silver stick in waiting were both in the procession, and they looked so gorgeous and lent such tone to the affair that one could understand society's indignation against the radical Labouchere, who the other night proposed, from his place in Parliament, the abolition of all well-paid and sinecure offices. The Princess of Wales, the most popular member of the royal family, walked between her two

pearl gray satin, trimmed with silver, with V-shaped bodice, and looked as young as her daughter. THE BRIDE'S PROCESSION was shorter but more interesting. The

brothers, the King of Greece and the Crown

Prince of Denmark. She wore a dress of

Prince of Wales supported his daughter and perspired freely, although the support seen to be a tall, well-knit, upright young woman. Princess Louise has a fine figure, but her face is too long and sallow for beauty. The bride's dress was composed of the richest white satin duchesse, with a very long, flowing train. The corsage front and sides of the skirt were entirely draped with most magnificent point de gaze, inter-mixed with garlands of orange flowers. The bodice, of the same satin, was open V-shape, with a high Medici collar and elbow sleeves of old lace. Behind the trail of orange flowers was arranged, from the waist, a wreath of orange flowers. She

wore an exquisite point de gaze veil. THE BRIDEMAIDS' DRESSES were of a lovely shade of blush pink faille, with demi-trains draped with crepe de chine, over which were arranged broad moire sashes. The bodices were cut Vshaped, with elbow sleeves, and trimmed with crepe de chine, with bouquets of pink roses at the throat. Each bridemaid also wore a bouquet of pink roses in the hair. It had been expected that Lord Fife would wear a full Highland costume, but to the sore disappointment of everyone, he was dressed in the uniform of the Banfishire Artillery Volunteers, with trousers complete. He bore himself with quiet dignity, which commanded respect, and when, after the ceremony, he had to salute his royal motherin-law, he bowed low, but showed no dis-

position to grovel. The bride conducted herself like any other young lady, said "I will" with a delightful little tremor in her voice, squeezed a tiny tear into one eye, and did not faint, AFTER THE CEREMONY.

The Queen, bride and bridegroom and all and drinking out of golden vessels. The toast of the bride and bridegroom was proposed by the King of Greece, and Lord Fife made a manly speech, promising to do his

Then the couple drove to Marlborough House, took tea with the Prince and Princess Prince of Wales. The weather did not of Wales and family, and started on their honeymoon at 4 o'clock, in an open carriage for Sheen, a pretty village near London, where the Comte de Paris lives.

To-night a supplement to the official the Princess' hair did | London Gazette has been issued, containing the official announcement that Her Majesty the Queen has been graciously pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the great seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignities

A MARQUIS AND DUKE of the said United Kingdom unto the Right Hon. Alexander William George, Earl of Fife, and the heirs male of his body lawrelief, and thereby unkindly emphasizing fully begotten, by the names, styles and the fact of his 18 years' seniority over the titles of Marquis MacDuff, in the county of Banff, and Duke of Fife.

There is a concensus of opinion that Fife is a good fellow, and he has recently proved it in a variety of ways. He refused to take presents from his tenants on his Scotch estates, on the ground that the times were bad. but he has given money for their lavish entertainment, and to-night the clerks in the London bank of which he is President are enjoying a sumptuous banquet at his ex-pense. That Princess Louise is a sensible and kind-hearted young woman is shown of the finest cambric, trimmed with Valenciennes lace.

The bride's presents numbered nearly 400 and their aggregate value has been placed as high as \$1,000,000.

SORRY HE WAS INTERVIEWED. Consul John Jarrett Says He Wasn't Re-

ported Exactly in Birmingham.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, July 27 .- President Harrison' Consul at Birmingham has been occupied this week with regretting that he permitted himself the luxury of the interview in the Times, of that city, concerning the Sackville West episode, that I cabled to THE DIS-PATCH a week ago, and has come all the way to London to explain matters for the readers of this paper. As usual, in instances where public men find that their views in print look queer, the blame is laid upon the reporter, but Consul Jarrett is a patient man, and does not wish to be too harsh. He says it is far from him to say anything that would reflect upon the young man who reported the Birming-ham Times interview, although it is wrong in every particular. He says that the re-porter did not take notes during the inter-view, and theorizes that in writing from memory afterward he mixed up the children memory afterward he mixed up the chi of his fancy with the offspring of the Con-

sul's judgment. Jarrett savs he does not believe Cleveland was defeated because the American people rose at the polls to resent the affront to Great Britain implied in the demand for the recall of Sackville West, and that what he told the reporter was that the British Minister had acted indiscreetly in writing a letter bearing upon political affairs which President Cleveland and the Democratic party could use for their advantage.

I violate no confidence in stating that Consul Jarrett will explain no more inte national politics to Birmingham reporters

AN ARRAY OF IRONCLADS. Such as Were Never Seen Before, Astound the Germans.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, July 27 .- There will be such an array of ironeiads next week at Spithead as has never been known before. If Wilhelm is not sufficiently impressed with England's naval might, it will not be for want of trying on the part of the English Gov-ernment. Already the waters of the Solent are packed with war ships, and many more cruisers and line-of-battle ships have yet to

arrive. The comical part of the business is that although the Admiralty has placed ships at the disposal of certain visitors, they have warned all of them that they will have to provide their own refreshments. Luncheon baskets and sherry flasks will therefore be de rigenr next week, except on board the royal yachts and the Admiralty, where something sumptuous will be provided.

MANAGER PALMER SUED FOR £10,000. Grace Hawthorne Thinks He Caused Her

to Lose That Much. BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. LONDON, July 27.-Grace Hawthorne. the Princess Theater, brings suit against A. M. Palmer to-day for £10,000 damages for breach of contract, arising out of the nonproduction of Sardou's "Theodora," of which Miss Hawthorne secured the English

rights two years ago.

Palmer, according to Miss Hawthorne's specifications, had contracted to produce the play here in October, 1887, and the non-production, she claims, has damaged her reputation as an artist and injured her financially.

MANY TOKENS OF LOVE

sion of Their Golden Wedding-The Grand Old Man Makes a Near Speech.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. LONDON, July 27 .- Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone's golden wedding has quite overshadowed in popular interest the royal marriage celebrated in the queer little chapel at Buckingham Palace. Even in the number, if not in the intrinsic value, of the present the Grand Old Man and his wife have had the best of it. The flow of gifts set in early in the week in two streams, one to Hawarleft shoulder to below the right side of the | den Castle and the other to the modest town house in James street, and they are still pouring in in great variety. Gladstone's presents beat those of the Princess Louise, the balance of the latter was spoiled by an undue proportion of silver candlesticks, fans, and other orthodox trifles considered subable for a young country.

Gladstone received specimens of various British handicrafts sent by artisan admirers in all parts of the country, and often anonymously—pictures, china, breakfast and dinner services, pillow cases, chair covers, vases, inkstands and clocks. There

PLENTY OF JEWELRY, TOO.

diamond bracelets for Mrs. Gladstone by the dozen, and gold cups and rings for the Grand Old Man, the auriferous list being crowned by an exquisite gold inkstand sent by the Prince of Wales.

But what touched the great statesman's heart most was the modest tribute of love and veneration sent by the humble basket workers of Connemara. It took the form of a basket of the givers' own manufacture, filled with the beautiful asphodel flower, which, in the language of flowers in Ireland, signifies "Eternal Life." The basket was placed in a prominent position in the drawing room, and is still there.

The golden wedding festivities culminated last night at the National Liberal Club in a grand reception, attended by over 2,000 representative Liberals. Gladstone disappointed his enthusiastic friends by speaking in reply to the address of congratulation for only 13 minutes, but the little speech amply compensated in quality for what it lacked in quantity. Here are the eloquent words in which the aged statesman bid the Liberals not despair of the future:

AN ELOQUENT SPEECH. Not only at a time when you are in possess of political power, but also, and sometimes even more conspicuously, when you are exclud-ed from it, your principles advance. They are principles not of destruction, but of improvement, and the important admission, which be-long to it are, I do not say enforced, I do not say extracted from the mouths and recorded in the action of our adversaries, but without the the action of our adversaries, but without the use of any invidious phrase from the inevitable incidents of the exercise of power in this country, and much as there may be that we have opposed and much to which we have objected in the action of the last three years on the part of the dominant party in Parliament, we thankfully record that important principles have been enshrined in our legislation, and serious measures of practical importance projected and adopted, which show that whatever your position be, even within the favored precincts or beyond its limits, your work never ceases, but is always advancing from stage to stage, and, humanly speaking, you are independent of leadership or of the assistance of this man or of that man. An internal and an undying energy belongs to the cause itself, and you may rest assured that under the favor of Providence, as it has advanced so it will advance, and generation after generation will be its rejoicing witnesses.

NO MORE WASHING ON SUNDAY.

phia Laundrymen Join the Sal Keeping Procession. PHILADELPHIA, July 27 .- The laundrymen are the latest recruits in Philadelphia's grand army of Sunday closers. The Philadelphia Laundrymen's Association has

taken the matter in hand, and intends to follow the example of the Barbers' Sunday Association, and see that all the laundry-men close their doors bereafter on the Sabbath day. The association numbers among its member nearly every American laundry man in the city, but Chinese are ineligible for membership. At the present time very few American laundries are kept open on Sunday. The steam laundries have long made it a practice not to receive goods later than Friday morning, and insure delivery

on the following day.

At the next meeting of the association notices will be sent out to every laundry in the city requesting the proprietors o close their places and stop all Sunday work. Spotters will also be appointed to secure evidence against the offenders, who will be prosecuted under the law of 1794. Their object is not only to do away with washing and ironing on the Sabbath, but also prohibit the reception or delivery of goods.

SEVERAL HUNDRED JOBS

Made Ready for a Host of Faithful New York Republicans.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH-1 NEW YORK, July 27 .- Collector Erhardt received to-day a significant document signed by General Batcheller, Acting Secretary of the Treasury. It was loaded, and will go off on Thursday next, August 1. will go off on Thursday next, August 1.
General Batcheller disallows the employment of 250 weighers' laborers, at \$2 50 per day and substitutes.
There are as many weighers' laborers at 30 cents an hour, when employed, as the service demands. General Batcheller also disallows the employment of gaugers' skilled laborers, two at 40 cents and 12 at 30 cents and hour, and for a wind no General cents an hour, and for a wind up General Batcheller dismembers the system of employ-ing temporary assistant weighers. There are 84 of them.

are 84 of them.

Thus, at one fell swoop, 348 places are provided for the Republicans. The clawing for them will begin to-morrow, and by Thursday, when the order takes effect, the battle will be red hot. General Batcheller's decision was received with joy by the Republicans and by the Democrats who will not be affected by the change.

GOSSIPING WOMEN WHIPPED.

Masked Indiana Regulators Plog a Mother

and Her Daughter. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. MARION, IND., July 27 .- About midnight last night a brutal outrage was perpetrated by a dozen men upon Mrs. Aseneth Street and her daughter Clara. The two Street and her daughter Clara. The two women live alone 10 miles east of this city in a secluded neighborhood. They were aroused, taken out and, being stripped to the waist, were whipped with beech switches until the blood ran. They were then released and warned that severer treatment was in store for them if they did not cease talking about the neighbors. The regulators were all masked and their idenregulators were all masked and their iden-

It is alleged that the women were giver to gossip, but the brutal manner of their punishment is denounced on all sides. The officers will make determined efforts to disuthors of the outrages, and deal

A 75-YEAR-OLD BRUTE.

He Hung His Children Up By Their Thumbs

CLEVELAND, July 27 .- John Stricker, CLEVELAND, July 27.—John Stricker, aged 75 years, has been arrested near Steubenville, O., for brutally beating his children. It is alleged that he has been in the habit of hanging his sons and daughters up by the thumbs and whipping them with a hickory ramrod until their flesh was reduced to a jelly. There is great indignation against the old man among the neighbors, to whom he has been a terror for years.

COKE STRIKE ON.

No Employers Meet Knights of Labor, and August 1 is Fixed As

THE DATE FOR IT TO BEGIN.

Weak Spot on the Side of the Workingmen in the Shape of MEMBERS OF THE PROGRESSIVE UNION.

Soth Miners and Employers Feel Confident of Coming

No employers met with the K. of L. coke employes yesterday to consider the scale, and a strike has been ordered to take place August 1. Both sides are confident of

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. SCOTTDALE, July 27 .- The much talked of strike has at last been ordered by one of the largest labor conventions ever held in the Connellsville coke region. Nearly 50 delegates were present, representing almost every works in the region. Master Work-man Kerfoot, of sub-division 4, Knights of Labor, was chosen as Chairman, and Cloyd M. Parker, of the same organization, Secretary. As was predicted in these dispatches, not a single coke operator was present to meet the conference committee. J. M. Dayton, F. F. Montgomery and John Speight were appointed a Committee on Resolutions, and reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:
WHEREAS, After repeated efforts to obtain
a conference with the operators they still continue to ignore our committees, and refuse to
consider any proposition in the interest of harmony; and

consider any proposition in the interest of narmony; and,
Whereas, The condition of the workers in the
Connelisville coke region is such as to demand
the greatest urgency in obtaining redress:
therefore be it
Resolved, That the decision of the former
convention be approved and work cease
throughout the region on the first day of August, 1889, and that no work be done until our
demands be granted.

gust, 1888, and that no work be done until our demands be granted. Resolved, That committees be appointed to visit the various works and explain to the men the condition of affairs, and urge the workmen to unite in order to obtain their demands. AN APPEAL FOR AID. olved, That the sympathy and co-oper

tion of all competing regions, and the officers of organizations and the craft at large, be solicited in this struggle for existence. Resolved. That a committee of seven be appointed to carry out the above and to take appointed to carry out the above and to take charge of the region and district, and have complete control of all action during the impending strike.

Resolved, That the above be immediately printed and circulated throughout the region.

One of the leading members of the Knights of Labor stated this evening that Knights of Labor stated this evening that the only obstacle in the way of a successful strike was the seeming indifference on the part of the old members of the National Progressive Union and that if their cooperation could not be secured several of the largest works in the region could be kept running in spite of the Knights. In an interview with Master Workman Kerfoot this afternoon he said:

foot this afternoon he said:
"We have time after time sent communi "We have time after time sent communi-cations to the operators of this region to meet us and agree on a wage scale, but they totally ignored us and we are determined to fight it out on this line. I am opposed to strikes and have on every occasion done everything in my power to keep them down, but if nothing else will satisfy the operators we will strike."

we will strike. He also stated that the Hungarians and action of the convention. The men are DETERMINED TO STAND OUT.

for the scale proposed by them and approved by the convention of April 13. Master Workman John B. Rae, of National Trades Assembly 135, K. of L., was present at the meeting and expressed himself as highly meeting and expressed himself as hig satisfied with the decision of the convent satisfied with the decision of the convention. The fact that the men at Valley Works, who struck on Thursday, had returned to work did not seem to discourage the delegates, and they feel positive they will all be out on August 1.

Thomas L. Lynch, General Superintendent of the Frick Coke Company, sistes this experiment that the six men who were discourage that the six men who were discouraged. evening that the six men who were dis-charged at the Valley works would not be reinstated. Mr. Lynch would not venture an expression as to what his company would do in case the men at their works would

come out on strike. Master Workman Rae addressed a large meeting of the men of the Valley Works at Everson to-night. He characterized the late scale of the Frick Company as a trap for the men and one of the most severe iron-clads he had ever seen. He stated that the present strike was not a question of organization, but one of bread and butter to the men, and advised them not to allow any question to come up that would in any way prejudice their interests. Addresses were also made by Peter Wise, James Keegan and others. gan and others.

M'KRESPORT'S NEW BRIDGES.

Lot of Money to be Put Into Two of Then and Work to Be Begun at Once. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

McKEESPORT, July 27 .- The two large bridges projected at McKeesport will be built across the Monongahela river at once. McDonald & Co., of Pittsburg, who have the contract for building the piers, etc., for the Dravosburg and Reynoldton bridge, put the dredgeboat Western to work to-day at dredging to secure solid bottom for the masonry. This work will be completed within a week, when the cribs will be compared and the piers will be commenced. The

pleted within a week, when the cribs will be sunk and the piers will be commenced. The firm propose to have them and the approaches completed by fall, when the Keystone Bridge Company, of Pittsburg, will put up the iron work.

The McKeesport and Duquesne Bridge Company to-day filed a bond and will at once condemn the ground for the Mifflin township approach for that bridge and will do likewise with that on which the Mo-Keesport approach is to be located, if the Keesport approach is to be located, if the objections are not overruled. The bridge will cost over \$200,000, and the company mean to build it at once. Fifteen firms are bidding on the work.

THE GROUND SINKS AWAY.

Pleasures of Living in the Mining Region About Wilkesbarre. WILKESBARRE, July 27 .- The resident

of Swoyer's Hill, a few miles above this city, were greatly alarmed this morning by the settling of a large area over the workings of the Enterprise Colliery. A considerable number of dwellings are located on the tract, but so far only three dwellings

on the tract, but so far only three dwellings are injured.

These sudden mine cavings frequently give rise to startling incidents. A few days ago, near Pine Ridge, a young lady was talking with her mother, who sat out doors shelling peas. Continuing the conversation, her remarks received no answer. Going to the door to ascertain the cause, the daughter discovered a hole 25 feet deep, at the bottom of which lay her mother in a dead faint, with the pan of peas in her lap. The ground had settled noiselessly, carrying her down with it. Ropes and ladders were required to bring her to the surface.

Vory Much of a Candidate PARIS, July 27.—General Boulanger will contest 135 cantons in the elections for the Councils General.

A FALSE MESSIAH

Custured by a Sheriff's Posse and Placed in Jall-To Be Taken to an Issane Asylum - His Followers Greatly Excited.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1" SAVANNAH, GA., July 27 .- Edward James, the colored magistrate in Liberty county who announced himself as the Messiah, after Dupont Bell had been sent to the insane asylum, is in jail to-night, and will be sent to Milledgeville to-morrow. During be sent to Milledgeville to-morrow. During his abort reign as Christ two human beings had been offered as a sacrifice to appease his wrath. The whites were in danger of massacre and incendiarism. The Sheriff of Liberty county organized a posse of 40 citizens, who, for the past two days, have been scouring the county. One of the first to be run in was James himself, who was found stark naked, surrounded by a large number of worshipers. They would

was found stark naked, surrounded by a large number of worshipers. They would have defended him, but with a wave of the hand James called on his followers to be quiet, as he would soon rejoin them.

Twenty-nine of his most noisy followers were arrested, and the whole crowd were put upon trial before the Judge for lunacy. James was ordered to the State asylum at Milledgeville. As to-morrow is Sunday, when the negroes will all be at their orgies, it is feared that they may try to get James out of jail. Congressm

Congressman Norwood has just returned to the city from Liberty county. A more complete demoralization among the negroes of the county could hardly be brought about by any disaster, he said. Since Bell, the white man, has been out of the county, James claimed to be the Christ. He pro-James claimed to be the Christ. He pro-claims it everywhere, and the negroes fall down at his feet and worship him as they did Bell. He holds meetings every day at a piece near the homestead of Mr. George W. Walthour before the war, but now un-occupied except by a few negroes. At these meetings they go through their ridiculous practices, which Mr. Norwood says are shocking to civilization and to common de-center.

"The religious craze among them is un-"The religious craze among them is un-absted," said Mr. Norwood. "They are as wild and unreasonable as they were under the teachings of Dupont Bell. The extent of the craze," he said, "may be imagined when they readily accept the declaration of a negro, who has been reared among them and whom they have known all their lives, that he is God."

MR. WANAMAKER ON DECK. The Western Union Comes to Bat and

Makes a Base Hit. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, July 27 .- On June 29" the telegraph companies received word from Postmaster General Wanamaker that all Government dispatches for the ensuing year must be taken at the rate of a mill a word. This has provoked some lively correspondence since then, and the Western Union especially has been protesting vigorously against such action. When Mr. Wanamaker finally gave out in his circular of July 13, that his rea-

out in his circular of July 13, that his rea-son for fixing the rate so low was that vari-ous corporations were receiving as good terms, the Western Union people were mad. They denied that any corporation was re-ceiving such tavorable terms under the same conditions, and a letter was written to the Postoffice Department to that effect, but no answer was received. President Green waited until to-day, when he sent a sharp letter to Mr. Wanamaker, closing as fol-lows:

letter to air. Wanamaker, crossing as ros-lows:

Except the arrangements with railroad and transportation companies, and rates for press and commercial news service, we make no re-duced rates to any corporations, or other patrons, large or small. For messages trans-mitted and delivered to a single address the Government is our only customer that enjoys reduced rates. As to the great privileges and reduced rates. As to the great privileges and benefits derived by this company from the act of 1866, they are purely imaginary. I am not aware that we have ever taken a stone or stick of timber or appropriated a foot of land belonging to the Government under that act; and where we have needed to build a line across lands belonging to the Government, as in a late instance across the lands along the canal around the falls of the Ohio, we have had more trouble and delay in procuring the right to set out poles than if the lands had belonged to private parties.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

We Send Lots of Gold Abroad, but Less Merchandise Than We Buy.

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- The value of imports of merchandise during the last fiscal year amounted to \$745,127,476, and of exports to \$742,401,799, an excess of imports over exports of \$2,725,677. Of our exports the value of domestic merchandise was \$730,282,606, and the value of foreign mer-

chandise, \$12,119,193.

The exports and imports of gold and silver during the last fiscal year were as follows:

Exports, \$96,641,533; imports, \$28,963,073— Exports, \$96,641,633; imports, \$28,963,073—an excess of exports over imports of \$67,678,-460. The excess of imports over exports of specie during the fiscal year 1888 was \$12,923,802 and during the fiscal year 1887, \$24,173,101. The exports of gold during the last fiscal year were the largest since 1864, and amounted to \$59,952,285. The imports of gold amounted to only \$10,284,858; an excess of exports over imports of \$49,667,427. This excess of exports over imports of gold ocexcess of exports over imports of gold oc-curred mainly in May and June last, amounting during these months to \$30,000,-

There has been a considerable decline in the volume of immigration into the United States during the last fiscal year, the num-ber arriving being 438,614 as against 539,-815 during the fiscal year 1888, a decrease of 101,201.

MR. THOMSON GIVES ADVICE.

Baltimore May Try the Higher Rates While to See How She Likes Them. BALTIMORE, July 27 .- The following etter in reference to the advance in rates for east-bound wheat has been received by Wm. F. Wheatley, Secretary of the Baltimore Corn and Flour Exchange, from Vice Presi-dent Frank Thomson, of the Pennsylvania Bailroad:

"Our road very carefully considered the "Our road very carefully considered the question before agreeing to the advance in the rate, and in view of the advanced lake and rail rates, the conclusion was that the higher rate would not necessarily prevent or curtail shipments to Baltimore. We believe that it is too early in the season to anticipate the course of trade in this article, but if it should be found, after the advance is established, that the business of your port had been stopped or limited in its operations, we could then take some other measure."

A moderate trade in wheat is being done by Baltimore merchants now, but shipments are already beginning to go elsewhere in anticipation of the expected advance. Presi-dent Louis Miller, of the Corn and Flour Exchange, says that unless the rate is kept at 20 cents the wheat traffic will be prac-tically killed after August 1, when the change goes into effect.

BOULANGER'S ECONOMY

His Succes

PARIS, July 27 .- The Cocarde, the Bou-PARIS, July 27.—The Cocarde, the Boulangist organ, publishes what it calls the first installment of the documents submitted to end the depositions made before the high court of the Benate which is to try General Boulanger. The publication has caused a sensation. According to the publication of the Cocarde, General Ferron, who succeeded General Boulanger as Minister of War, has made a deposition in which he states that the secret service funds are intact and that General Boulanger effected economy in many instances in the war office.

A RELIGIOUS FRAUD.

He Appears as Father Francis Vanderbourg, a Catholic, and

BECOMES A FREE-WILL BAPTIST.

His Deception is Discovered and He Joins the Holy Rollers.

HIS ELOQUENCE DRAWS BIG CROWDS,

But He Spoils All by Eloping With the Wife of His

Rev. Father Francis Vanderbourg was the name of a man who went to Geneva, Crawford county, proclaimed himself a Catholic priest and renounced Catholicism. He became a preacher, was discovered to be a fraud and expelled. Then he joined a sect known as "the Holy Rollers," preached and attracted large crowds by his eloquence but now is reported to have eloped with

Mrs. Smock, the wife of his benefactor. SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. MEADVILLE, July 27 .- About five months ago there appeared in Geneva, a small town about six miles west of this city, a sanctimonious-appearing man clad in the garb of a Catholic priest, who gave his name as Rev. Father Francis Vanderbourg. About April 1 he met Rev. F. W. Reede pastor of the Free Will Baptist Church, of that place, to whom he stated that he desired to renounce Catholicism and become a preacher of the Protestant faith. He claimed to have letters of introduction from Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, to Bishop Muller, of Erie, and to have officiated as Supercanon of the Eric Diocese. He spoke Latin, French, German andj English fluently, and without doubt was highly educated. He at once made friends with everybody. He was baptised April 21 and ordained to preach, proving himself a pul-pit orator of no ordinary degree.

DISCOVERED TO BE A FRAUD.

During his first sermon he made some statements which excited the suspicion of the worthy Baptist preacher, which led to investigations that terminated in his expulsion from his newly chosen church. He was immediately taken up by the Salvationists or "Holy Rollers" of which peculiar sect there are a goodly number in and about Geneva, and he became a powerful drawing card, filling their meeting places to overflowing upon every occasion he was

drawing card, filling their meeting places to overflowing upon every occasion he was amounced to preach.

During the past three months he made his home with Jacob Smock, a young farmer, whose pretty wife soon became infatuated with Father Francis to such a degree that she neglected other duties to contribute to his comfort, a task in which the whole neighborhood appeared to vie. Father Francis reciprocated the delicate attentions of the Smock family by presenting them with numerous city and country properties on paper. Last Sunday evening Vanderbourg preached an eloquent sermon in the Advent church at Geneva, knowing that while he was pointing out to his hearers the wickedness of certain crimes and the true way to glory Mrs. Smock,

THE WIFE OF HIS BENEFACTOR was on her way across the fields to meet him, which she did shortly after the close of the services. They were traced to this city together, but their present whereabouts are unknown. Father Francis as he calls himself, is about 40 years old, with dark hair, and bald on the top of his head; a black mustache; gray blue eyes, dark com-plexion, strong chin and thick neck, and possesses a powerful and deep voice. He is about 5 feet 8 inches in height, weighs about 165 pounds, and has lost his upper teeth.

"He is without exception the most clever impostor this section has known, and nearly 100 families in southwestern Crawford are aghast over the way he has taken them in.

Officer Liebenthal Convicted of Assault the Famous Jockey. INFECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 FREEHOLD, N. J., July 27 .- Officer Her-

HE SHOT THE SPIDER.

man Liebenthal, who is a member of the New Jersey State Detective Association, and one of the constables of Monmouth county, was convicted last night upon a charge of shooting George Anderson, the famous colored jockey, who is generally known as "The Spider," on the night of August 2 last year.
Officer Liebenthal and a posse of men at-

tempted to arrest a lot of the jockeys from the Monmouth Park stables, who were "shooting crap" in the public roadway near "shooting crap" in the public roadway near the main entrance of the park. A row, in which several pistol shots were fired and Liebenthal was knocked down by a stable lantern, followed the rush made by the officers upon the gamblers. The jockeys all ran down the road with the exception of "Spider" Anderson, who began picking up the money which lay on the ground. He was struck by a bullet, which passed through the side of his right him.

the side of his right hip.
Officer Liebenthal claimed that the wound was made by a pistol shot fired by one of the "Spider's" companions. Anderson twore positively that Liebenthal shot him. swore positively that Liebenthal shot him. The jury recommended him to the mercy of the Court. He is now employed by the Monmouth Park Association, and he and "Spider" are on friendly terms with each

MURDERERS CONFESS Two Drunken Men Tell the Story of a Bruta Killing.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CHARLESTON, W. VA., July 27.—One of the most brutal and deliberate murders for purposes of gain ever committed in Kanawha Valley was unearthed to-day at Burnsville, Fayette county. Last Tues some Government workmen found the nude body of a man about 21 years of age. The body was identified as that of Joseph Alkire, of Fayette county. Last night at a little place called Ire-

land, along the river, two workmen, Henry Smith and Herskell Ice, while partially under the influence of liquor, confessed that they had committed the murder, and told how they had waylaid him, smashed his skull with a stone, taken his money and then stripped the body and consigned it to

NOT RESCUE BUT MURBER.

friend of the late Dr. Cronin, was asked by

Such is the Opinion of Cronin's Friend o Ginn-na-Gnel Men's Gathering. CHICAGO. July 27 .- John F. Scanlan a

a reporter for the Journal this morning what his opinion was in regard to the rum what his opinion was in regard to the rumor that Clan-na-gael men were gathering in Winnipeg for the purpose of rescuing Burke from the custody of the authorities in case he is delivered up by the Winnipeg police to the Chicago officials. He replied that he was convinced that such was not their intention. He believed they were not there as Burkes friends but as his enemies and they were prepared in the event of his extradition to assassinate him is order to prevent his return to Chicago in the belief that he would make a confession of the plot to murder Dr. Cronin if he should fall into the hands of the Chicago authorities.

A CRY FOR HELP.

Homeless and Starving - Another Disastrous Flood and More

Lives Lost. ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.1 PARKERSBURG, July 27.-The following

appeal for aid speaks eloquently for itself: To the Readers of THE DISPATCH: To the Readers of TRE DISPATCH:

The recent disastrous floods in the valleys of Big Tygart, Tucker, Sandy, Lee, West Fork and other tributaries of the Little Kanawha river have destroyed the homes, carried off the houses and crops, and caused great loss of life, and thousands of people are now without the means of subsistence. An appeal for assistance in this hour of need has been made by the Mayor of this city and the officials of the counties of Wood, Wirt and

Jackson.
All contributions for the relief of this suffering people can be forwarded to Theodore Boyd, Parkersburg, W. Va. The relief fund will be placed in the hands of the Commissioners, who will personally apply the funds where the need is greatest. Immediate action and

ssistance is badly needed.

This appeal is made to all the readers of THE This appeal is made to all the readers of THE DISPATCH who are able to contribute something to the relief of suffering humanity.

Assistance is sadly needed by those poor people, and I am requested by the County Commissioners to make this appeal, as the counties afflicted are so terribly injured that they will be unable to relieve one-tenth of the suffering. Respectfully, THEO, BOYD, Mayor of Parkersburg.

Telephone messages report another disastrous flood on the upper waters. In Calhoon county, at Grantville, the river rose 15 feet during the night, earrying away crops, fences, houses and sweeping everything. Several lives were reported lost, but communication is difficult and particulars cannot be gotten to-night.

HE WALKED ON THE WATER. Ardsous and Dangerous Exploit Performed by Prof. Oldrieve.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. Boston, July 27 .- Prof. Oldrieve had one of the toughest walks over the ocean today that he ever expects to undertake, and when he had completed the conditions of the wager mentioned in to-day's DISPATCH

he declared that he would rather walk down the Hudson a dozen times than take another trip like to-day's. A fierce easterly gale had raised a big, choppy sea, and waves five feet high were scudding along when the plucky aquatic pedestrian stepped off the tugboat. The condition of the wager called for a distance of 20 miles from Boston, which would make a stretch of 10 or 12 miles of open sea. But to-day it was so rough that the party accompanying the Professor refused to go more than five miles from land. They were afraid to venture further, and told Prof. Oldrieve they would be satisfied if he reached shore from that distance.

The intrepid navigator stepped into his largest shoes, which are about four feet long, and struck out for the shore at a lively gait, considering the great disadvantages under which he was laboring. The first mile was walked against a strong tide, which running against the wind kicked up a heavy sea. It was so rough that nearly all the politicians who had put up the \$250 wager were seasick. Prof. Oldrieve had a hard struggle with the waves and many times narrowly escaped heing capaixed. He had hard work to keep he declared that he would rather walk down

waves and many times narrowly escaped being capsized. He had hard work to keep his feet together, and in spite of his effort he was badly wrenched. He covered the five miles in a little less than two hours.

SHOT BY A SHERIPP'S POSSE. A New Mexican Smullpox Nurse Killed for

a Brutal Murder. SANTA FE, N. M., July 27.—At Wallace, N. M., Deputy Sheriff Warren Moore was shot and killed by Joseph Chacha, who in turn was afterward killed by a posse of citirens. For some days past Chacha has been serving as nurse and attendant upon a smallpox patient confined in a house on the smallpox patient confined in a house on the outskirts of the town. This morning Chacha left the room and went out upon the street, visiting several stores and circulating among the people. Many knew of his occupation as a smallpox nurse, and among the people. Many knew of his occupation as a smallpox nurse, and fearing that his presence would serve to spread the disease, undertook to remonstrate with Chacha, and advised him to go and a host of others; Mahone, who kicks strate with Chacha, and advised him to go to his quarters and stay there. A row ensued upon his refusal to quit the street, and angry threats followed. Chacha went to his room and secured a repeating rifle, and returning to the street, he fired three shots into a crowd of citizens, with the result that one man was wounded.

Chacha then fled to the foothills, firing at the result of the street of citizens who provided him.

anger of the pursuing crowd, and Concha was finally run down and shot dead. Moore ENGLISH CAPITAL IN A NEW FIELD.

the posse of citizens who pursued him. Deputy Sheriff Moore mounted a horse and undertook to ride around and cut off his retreat, when Chacha fired at him, inflicting a mortal wound. This intensified the

The Gas Works of Brooklyn Being Bought by the Britishers. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, July 27 .- A syndicate of English capitalists known as the Interna-

tional Gas Company is trying, it is said, to secure control of Brooklyn's gas franchises. The company claims to own a process of gas manufacture which makes it possible to produce the article at a cost much less than that of any of the methods at present in use. The company has already purchased the plant of the Citizens' Gaslight Company, of Brooklyn, and the Union Gaslight Company in the Twenty-first ward, and is negotiating for the plant of the Brooklyn Gaslight Company.

The syndicate is represented by Mr. Charles G. Francklyn. The corporation will establish its plant in Flatbush. Yesterday articles incorporating the Flatbush Light and Fuel Company, which is said to be an offshoot of the International, were filed in Albany. George W. Goddard and William E. C. Mayer are associated with Mr. Francklyn as incorporators. to secure control of Brooklyn's gas fran-

REVENGED HIMSELF ON A HORSE. Young Man Terribly Mutilates His Father's Colt.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

CLARION, July 27 .- About two weeks ago A. T. McKissick, a farmer living near Fryburg. one morning found his valuable colt standing in the barn with its tongue cut out. The next night its ears were cut off and later it was sound dead with its throat cut. Yesterday his son, James McKissick, at a hearing charged with the offense, was held under \$1,000 bail to appear at court.

The farmer had employed a detective to work up the matter, and when the evidence pointed to his son as the criminal he dis-charged him from further duty in the case. The citizens of the place, learning of the facts, subscribed about \$400, which was offered as a reward for the apprehension and conviction of the criminal. The son offers as an excuse that the horse kicked him.

A SMALL REIGN OF TERROR.

Vations and Quirinal Doubly Guarded-Watching for the Pope's Departure. ROME, July 27.—The Vatican and Quirinal are doubly guarded owing to the receipt of information of a plot to blow up both with dynamite. It is rumored that the departure of the Pope will be foreibly resisted and that Government secret police watch the exits of the Vatican.

FIVE CENTS MA A A MARPLOT

Many Vi. epublicans Accuse

THE OLD DOMINION DEMOCRATIC.

His Ambition and Love of Self Outweigh His Better Qualities.

FOREVER A THORN IN THE PLESH.

sed of Driving More Men From His Party Than He Can Coar In.

A Virginia Republican lawyer, appointed

Assistant District United States Attorney, indignantly refuses to accept the office because it comes to him through Mahone, who, he declares, is the cause of the State remaining in the Democratic column. SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

WASHINGTON, July 27. — "Virginia Fuit" is the sentiment attributed to John S. Wise, of Virginia, when referring to the present political movements in that State. And "Virginia Fuit" is undoubtedly the expression that best characterizes the feelings of ex-Congressman Yost, of that State, who made a special journey to Deer Park to inform the President that there are necessarily two parties to every compromise, and that Mahone is only one of the elements in Virginia; but he could not even get an

audience with the President, The compromse of which so much was said a few days ago seems to have been of the "jug-handle" order. At all events, the anti-Mahone men say that Mahone is securing all of the patronage, and that the only opponent of Mahone who has an office as a result of this new movement is Brady himself, and that he actually represents all that there is of the compromise on the anti-

EVEN BRADY DECEIVED.

The minor postmasters who have been appointed since the compromise are said to be pointed since the compromise are said to be all Mahone men. It is even reported that Brady has been deceived as to the 50 appointments of deputies in the internal revenue district of which he has been made collector, and that as a matter of fact the list of these 50 deputies has been made out by Mahone, and they will be appointed.

by Mahone, and they will be appointed.

The amount of unity in Virginia among the Republicans is perhaps best illustrated by an extract from a letter recently written by C. A. Heermans, who was tendered and declined an important office. It was addressed to P. H. McCaull, Washington, and is as follows:

"Your telegram announcing my appointment as Assistant United States District Attorney for the Western district of Virginia." Attorney for the Western district of Virgi-nia, with congratulations, was duly re-ceived. To-day the commission came to hand. I regret that circumstances are such

"From the public prints and from private sources, I learn that this appointment and its confirmation was and is at the sufferance of William Mahone. There is an irrepressible conflict in the Republican party of Virginia that must be settled before I acof Virginia that must be settled before I ac-cept office under such conditions, nor should any patriotic Republican accept such at the expense of his manhood. Home rule va-centralized power, the people vs. bossism, liberty vs. tyranny—these are questions not only of vital importance to the Republican v of Virginia, but to the whole

ants and assume the role of masters. MAHONE THE DICTATOR. "William Mahone, who has driven from men from the party faster than we can re-cruit them; Mahone, whom the National Republican party rebuked at Chicago for packing our State convention; Ma-hone, who cruelly slandered the great Republican leader, James G. Blaine; Mahone, who, to vent his personal spleen, threw away the Fourth district, thus giving the State to Cleveland and endangering the House of Representatives—be (William Mahone) has assumed a dictatorship over the Republican party of Virginia, and by his energy, will and power, forced an ap-parent recognition that disgraces Virginia and brings the blush of shame to the cheek

of every honest free man who loves his party and its principles, and who hates bossism and tyranny.

"We all recognize in General Mahone aman of indomitable will, energy and courage, which if directed in the proper channel would result in untold blessings to the people of Virginia. But look at the spectacle! Apparently with but one ambition, and that to crush Republicans who have the manhood to assert their independence and self-respect, he engages a suite of rooms under the shadow of the White House, surrounds himself with a few satellites whose duty it is to daily pay homage—to fall down and worship, crying: "Great is Mahone, and Harrison is his prophet."

"Feeble as I am, small as my influence may be, so help me God I will never surrender my manhood by accepting office tendered by such power." OUT OF HIS CHANNEL

A DISCOURAGED TRUST.

Gentlemen Manipulating the Attempt at a Sait Combine Won't Allet Shares Yet. NEW YORK, July 27 .- The directors of the North American Salt Company authorize the publication of the following this

"While the subscriptions have been very numerous and in the aggregate large, the trustees feel that they are not justified in proceeding to an allotment of shares on the present basis without further conference with subscribers and vendors. This, on secount of subscribers being on both sides of the Atlantic and the veudors widely sepa-rated, will take time, and it has been de-cided to return subscriptions and postpone further action until these negotiations can be completed." There was therefore no meeting of the Salt Trust this morning.

Negro Lashed for Stealing and His Em-

player Benten for Harboring Him. LOUISVILLE, July 27. - Wednesday

night a party of 15 men visited the farm of

Milt Barclay, ten miles east of Somerset, Ky., on the Mt. Vernon road, and called out a negro tenant who was accused of stealing from the surrounding neighborhood. Upon one occasion the negro took a horse, in order to transfer other things which he had stolen. The crowd gave the negro a sound whipping and ordered him to leave the State, which he did without further ceremony. They then called out Mr. Barelay and gave him a sound thrashing for keeping such tenants upon his farm.